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at Tacoma, at Chicago, and all over the continent of America and other parts of the now civilized world. This is not justifying any wrong to the Indians, with whom the reviewer strongly sympathizes. They are weak and helpless. The Government should protect and aid them. They should be permanently homed, taught, made self-supporting, and fairly and honestly assisted in leasing or selling the lands that they have no use for. Vicious, lawless, worthless white should be kept away. A number of Yakima Indians are educated, prominent, useful citizens. This number should be increased as rapidly as possible. Mr. McWhorter's aim is in these proper directions. So is that of many other people. Changing from savagery and barbarism to enlightenment and civilization is, however, a slow process. It usually takes several generations. This little book will help, despite its plain, vigorous and in places rather harsh language. With this view it is well that Mr. McWhorter wrote it.

THOMAS W. PROSCH.

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MISSIONARY EXPLORERS AMONG THE AMERICAN INDIANS. Edited by Mary Gay Humphreys. (New York, Scribner's. Pp. 306. \$1.50.)

This volume is devoted to the work of six American missionaries: John Eliot, Samson Occum, David Brainerd, Marcus Whitman, Stephen Riggs and John Lewis Dyer. The editor has told the lives of these men largely in their own words. Where this has been impossible, other contemporary sources have been used. The whole has been skillfully compiled and the result is an entertaining volume for popular reading.

Of particular interest to readers in the Pacific Northwest is the chapter relating to Marcus Whitman and a prefatory allusion to the Whitman controversy bespeaks an impartial treatment. An examination of the chapter, however, proves this hope to be fallacious. A commendable use has been made of unquestioned sources such as the diary of Mrs. Whitman and early letters written by members of the Oregon mission, but the editor's connecting narrative contains statements and inferences that cannot be accepted by the student of this period. The eulogies of Nixon and Mowry have evidently been followed without question and an exaggerated idea is given of Whitman's political services.

CHARLES W. SMITH.

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POLITICAL PARTIES IN OREGON, 1893-1868. By Walter C. Woodward. (Portland, The J. K. Gill Company. 1913. Pp. 277.)

This is a book well worth while. The author is himself an Oregonian, educated at Pacific University and the University of California